207

#### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

**National Register of Historic Places** Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only

received

date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections Name Stock alarands Stockbrands and Kemmerer Department Store Light Hardware Building and or common Location N/A not for publication 100 E. Rutledge (SE corner of Rutledge & Main Sts) street & number N/A vicinity of city, town Yates Center code 20 Woodson state county code Classification Status Present Use Category Ownership

#### \_ occupied \_\_\_ district \_\_ public \_\_ agriculture museum X unoccupied \_x building(s) X private \_ commercial \_ park \_\_\_\_ both \_ work in progress structure \_ educational private residence **Public Acquisition** Accessible \_\_\_ site entertainment \_ religious \_\_\_ in process \_ yes: restricted \_\_\_ object government \_ scientific \_ being considered X yes: unrestricted industrial transportation N/A x other: vacant no military

#### **Owner of Property**

John D. Atkin, M.D. street & number 1004 E. Madison city, town Yates Center N/A vicinity of Kansas 66783 state

#### **Location of Legal Description**

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Register of Deeds street & number Woodson County Courthouse state 66783 Kansas city, town Yates Center

### Representation in Existing Surveys

title Kansas Historic Sites Inventory has this property been determined eligible? \_\_\_ federal X state county date July 9, 1970 depository for survey records Kansas State Historical Society, 120 West 10th city, town Topeka state Kansas 66612

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good	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered x altered (slightly)	Check one X original site moved date	the second of th
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Stockebrands and Kemmerer Store is a two story rectangular commercial building erected in 1904. It stands at the southeast corner of the intersection of Main and Rutledge streets, diagonally across from the Town Square, where the Woodson County Courthouse is located. A diagonal corner entrance faces the intersection. The dimensions of the building are approximately 75 feet east to west and 150 feet north to south.

The north and west facades constitute the architectural "front" of the building. They are faced with red brick and trimmed with stone. The principal facades of the first story contain plate glass display windows topped by transoms and placed within a cast iron structural frame. There are five bays of about equal width across the north. Four of these have display windows, but the easternmost contains two doorways, one opening into the store on the first floor and the other opening to a stairway to the second story. The northwest corner is set diagonally and contains the main entrance, flanked by display windows. On the west side are five bays containing display windows, then a fifty foot section of plain brick wall surface and, at the south end, a twenty-five foot section containing a doorway set between display windows.

At the second story level, the street facades have round-arched one-over-one windows, some of which are clustered and some of which are placed singly. The arches are capped with stone crowns which are tied to one another by a matching stone stringcourse which runs across the entire length of the two main facades. This treatment gives the windows an appearance similar to those of the upper story of the courthouse across the street. Above the second story windows the walls are trimmed with a corbeled brick cornice. Behind the parapet formed by this cornice is a flat roof.

The rear walls of the building, on the south and east sides, are faced with rough sandstone blocks.

The interior of the first story is one large, open room with a high ceiling of pressed metal. The second story contains a row of offices on the north, which open off a corridor. On the other side of the corridor is a large, open room with a sloping floor, which originally functioned as a public auditorium. At one time this room had a stage at the south end, but it was taken out in 1942 when a freight elevator was installed in the building. By that time the large upper room was used for storage. Aside from the installation of the elevator and removal of the stage, the interior has undergone very little change.

#### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art C commerce communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	landscape architectur law literature military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1904	Builder/Architect Gran	ıt Naylor, Builder	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Stockebrands and Kemmerer Store, or Light Hardware Building as it is often called now because of its most recent active use, is locally significant because of its architecture and its associations with the growth of commerce in Yates Center. Architecturally, it it the largest and most imposing turn-of-the-century commercial building in Yates Center, and one of the most intact. It is a representative and very intact example of the small-town commercial architecture of its era.

The Stockebrands and Kemmerer Store occupies a position of great visual prominence in the central business district of Yates Center, occupying one of the four corners facing the Woodson County Courthouse on the Town Square. It thus serves as a visual anchor for the commercial district. (This district is rich in well-preserved commercial buildings built between 1880 and 1925 and is to be proposed for nomination to the National Register as a historic district in the near future, but because of the special prominence of this building and local concerns about its proposed rehabilitation and reuse, it is being nominated individually at this time.)

Completed in March, 1904, the building was erected to house the Stockebrands and Kemmerer Department Store, a general merchandise establishment owned by Ernest and Henry Stockebrand and Robert Kemmerer. Before its construction, some of the leaders of the community had reportedly asked the Stockebrands and Kemmerer to add a public meeting room to the proposed building, for the city had no community meeting room at the time. Thus, the new building was built to include an auditorium which could seat 1,200. This auditorium was the site of many local social and cultural events, including town meetings, vaudeville shows, and Chautauqua programs. The local high school held plays and commencement exercises there until 1924. The northernmost portion of the second story contained rooms that were rented as business and professional offices.

Within a few years after the store opened, Robert Kemmerer left the partnership. The business was then called the Stockebrand and Stockebrand Department Store. It was operated by the Stockebrand brothers and their sons until 1929, when it was sold to Ed Light and Charles Opperman, who moved their business, the Light and Opperman Hardware Store, into the building from another location nearby.

The Light and Opperman Hardware Store was one of the largest hardware dealerships in the Woodson County area, and was very important to the local farm economy as a supplier of agricultural implements.

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Opperman retired from the business in 1942, at which time it became the Light Hardware Company. It continued in operation under that name until it closed in December, 1971. Thereafter the building changed hands several times but was not put to any steady productive use. By 1984 it was empty and deteriorating. Following the condemnation of the building by the city in November, 1984, there was considerable public interest in saving it. It was subsequently purchased by the present owner, who plans to rehabilitate it for commercial use.

THIS STATEMENT IS BASED ON CURRENT KNOWLEDGE AND IS SUBJECT TO AMENDMENT.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of nominated property 1ess than 1 acre	·
Quadrangle name Yates Center, KS	Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
UT M References	
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Verbal boundary description and justification	
Lots 7, 8, and 9 of Block 41, original	townsite of the City of Yates Center, KS.
List all states and counties for properties overlap	ping state or county boundaries
state N/A code	county
state code	county code
	NOTION DE LA COMPANION DE LA C
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Richard J. Cawthon, Architectura	l Historian
organization Kansas State Historical Society	date July 26, 1985
street & number 120 West 10th	telephone (913) 296-5264
city or town Topeka	state Kansas 66612
12. State Historic Prese	rvation Officer Certifican
The evaluated significance of this property within the state	
	_ local
national stateX As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for	
665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the	National Register and certify that it has
according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the l	National Park Service. 1985
State Historic Preservation Officer signature	Joseph Whull
Executive Director	
title Kansas State Historical Society	date August 21, 1958
For NPS use only I hereby certify that this property is included in the	National Register
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	date
Keeper of the National Register	
Attest:	date
Chief of Registration	
GPO 894-785	

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Continuation sheet

Item number 9

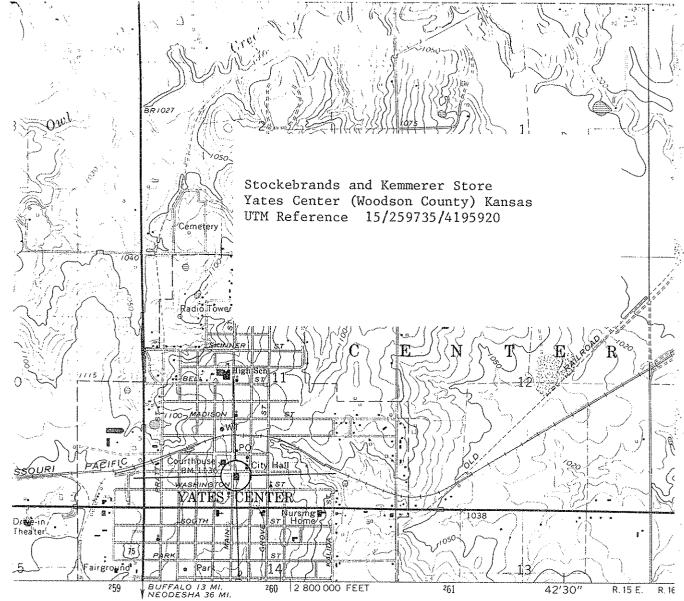
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MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Interviews by Brenda Manske, of the Woodson County Preservation Commission, with Elmer Stockebrand, Alice Stockebrand, and Enoch Light, all of Yates Center.

The Yates Center News, March 4, 1904; October 11, 1984; November 29, 1984.

This nomination was prepared from a draft submitted by Brenda Manske, Chairman of the Woodson County Preservation Commission, P.O. Box 112, Yates Center, KS 66783.



ed, edited, and published by the Geological Survey operation with State of Kansas agencies

of by USGS and USC&GS

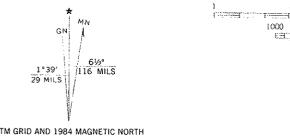
raphy by photogrammetric methods from aerial graphs taken 1967. Field checked 1969

onic'projection. 1927 North American datum )O-foot grid based on Kansas coordinate system, south zone meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, 15, shown in blue

int indicates area in which only landmark buildings are shown

ce on the predicted North American Datum 1983, the projection lines 23 meters east as shown by d corner ticks

ons shown in purple compiled from aerial photographs taken 1981 and sources. This information not field checked. Map edited 1984



UTM GRID AND 1984 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET

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